



International Environmental
Law Research Centre

Chandigarh Municipal Corporation (Sanitation and Public Health) Bye Laws, 1999

This document is available at ielrc.org/content/e9919.pdf

Note: This document is put online by the International Environmental Law Research Centre (IELRC) for information purposes. This document is not an official version of the text and as such is only provided as a source of information for interested readers. IELRC makes no claim as to the accuracy of the text reproduced which should under no circumstances be deemed to constitute the official version of the document.

Chandigarh Administration Local Government Department

Notification

9th February, 1999

No. 642-UTF.II(8)-99/1701:-With, reference to Chandigarh Administration, Local Government Department Notification bearing No. 5336-UTFII(8)98/16323, dated the 18th December, 1998, published in the Chandigarh Administration Gazette (Extra ordinary) of the 18th December, 1998 and in exercise of the powers conferred by the sub-section (1) of Section 399 of the Punjab Municipal Corporation Act. 1976 as extended to Union Territory. Chandigarh by the Punjab Municipal Corporation Law (Extension to Chandigarh) Act. 1994 (Act No. 45 of 1994), the Administrator. Union Territory, Chandigarh hereby makes the following, bye-laws namely :-

1. Short Title

- i. These bye laws may be called the Chandigarh Municipal Corporation (Sanitation and Public Health) Bye Laws, 1999.
- ii. They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions : In these bye laws :

- a. Act means the Punjab Municipal Corporation Act, 1976 as extended to the Union Territory, Chandigarh by the Punjab Municipal Corporation Law (Extension to Chandigarh) Act. 1994 (Act No. 45 of 1994).
- b. 'Section' means a section of the Act.

3. Prohibition of Certain Acts or Deeds :

1. No person shall

- i. Defecate at any place except especially earmarked for the said purpose.
- ii. Spit on any place or building causing in-sanitation, annoyance to anyone.
- iii. Urinate at any place not earmarked or segregated for the said purpose.
- iv. Deposit/Collect or dispose of any Malba, Garbage or any other waste material in the service lanes or road or park or any public place.
- v. Allow or cause to allow any waste water except rain water of the household to be collected or thrown or spread, on any road or public place after cleaning or washing any car or jeep or any other vehicle of any description or otherwise due to leakage of water or sanitary installation.
- vi. Use any house, or shed or premises or any part thereof for human habitation. unless he has -obtained sewer and water connection from the Competent Authority.
- vii. Collect or deposit or caused to be collected or deposited any cattle' dung from any village or cattle shed in the public places/any city sector or container provided for the collection and removal of city garbage.
- viii. Collect or deposit or throw or cause to be collected or deposited or thrown any waster building material or malba in public places or Municipal container, However, the Horticulture or Plantation waste may be put in a bin or container kept for refuse collection and removal in any part of the City.

- ix. Spread or cause to be spread any oily or greasy material on pavement, road or in any part of the varandah or any building or premises/pavement/roads.
- x. Scatter or collect any refuse from any bin or container kept by the Corporation for the collection and removal of city garbage in any part of the city or collect/scatter and segregate any type of kabab or Rag or waste material at any public place in any part of the city.

4. Contractor to make Provision for Temporary Latrines :

Any contractor engaged in any type of construction or fabrication work employing ten or more whole time labourers will make provision for temporary latrines in, the ratio of one latrine for ten labourers, Separate latrines will have to be provided for women labourers.

5. Making Provision for Incinerators by Hospitals and Nursing Homes etc. :

Any Nursing Home, Hospital, Slaughter House or Clinic will make provision for a suitable incinerator, for the safe disposal of biomedical waste within such period as may be given by the Commissioner. Municipal Corporation, in this behalf, in a notice to be issued by registered post.

6. Scattering of Paper or other Litter In Public Street Prohibited :

- i. No person shall deposit or leave or cause to be deposited or, left any rubbish/rags/ waste articles or any other article in any public place so as to create or tend to create a litter/nuisance.
- ii. No person shall scatter, or cause to be scattered hand bills leaflets, paper or other litter including cigarette ends from any vehicle in any street or public place.

7. Avoidance of contact with Body of a person suffered from Dangerous Disease :

Every person having the charge or control of any place in which the body of A person is lying who had died while suffering from dangerous disease, shall take such steps as may be reasonably practicable to prevent persons coming unnecessarily into contact with the dead body.

8. Child Liable to Carry Dangerous Disease may be ordered not to Attend School :

A person having the care of child, who is or who has been suffering from or has been exposed to infection of a dangerous disease, shall not permit the child to attend school, until he has obtained from the Health, Officer a certificate that in his opinion, the child may attend school without undue risk of communicating the disease to others.

9. Any Place may be inspected at any time for Preventing the Spread of Dangerous Disease :

The Commissioner, may at any time by day or night, either after giving such notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances, appear to him to be reasonable or without notice in exigency inspect any place in which any dangerous disease is reported or suspected to exist,, to ascertain and determine what measures should

be taken to prevent the spread of the said disease beyond such place.

10. Duty of the Owner to Lime Wash etc. of the Premises :

If it shall appear to the Commissioner necessary for sanitary reasons or as a measure of disinfection so to do, he may at any time by written notice require the owner or occupier of any building which is infected, to cause the same or some portion thereof to be disinfected or otherwise lime washed or cleaned to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

11. Penalties : Who so ever :

- a. Contravenes any provision of these bye law; or
- b. fails to comply with any order or directions lawfully given to him or any requisition lawfully made upon him by any of the said provisions shall be punishable.
 - i. With fine which may extend to Rs. 500 ; and
 - ii. in the case of continuing contravention of failure with an additional fine which may extend to Rs. 20 for every day during which such contravention or failure continues, after conviction for the first such contravention or failure ; and
 - iii. the defaulter shall be obliged to restore the place/wall etc, to original position and in case he fails to do so he will pay the cost of restoration, to be carried out by the corporation.
- c. The Officers of the Corporation d Municipal Corporation, Chandigarh shall be responsible to implement these Bye-Laws.
- d. Who so ever falls to comply with the provision of these Bye-Laws shall be punished under section 65 of Indian penal Code.

G. VAJRALINGAM,
Finance Secretary-cum-Secretary
Local Government
Chandigarh Administration.